

Checklist

For the Use of Participatory Methods / Implementation of Projects Aimed at Strengthening Democracy and European Awareness

**Approaches and project concepts for civil society actions at the local, national, and transnational levels
— designed by and with diverse segments of civil society.**

The primary target group is not administrative bodies, political or business representatives, professional associations, but the citizens themselves (although they may act as supporting local partners in many initiatives)!

Preparation Phase – Key Framework Conditions

1. Organisers – Who is leading the project?

Local governments/ regional authorities/ partnership associations/ civil society organisations active in the fields of culture/ education/ environment/ social affairs/ sports (e.g. educational institutions/ women's centres/ citizen initiatives); Joint initiatives involving multiple local partners coordinated by...

Key questions to consider:

- How can volunteers be recruited to commit to the project?
- How much human capacity (man-/womanpower) is needed to successfully carry out the project – both in the short and long term?
- How will their contributions be secured (e.g. through insurance), and how will their time and effort be acknowledged or compensated?
- Is there a clearly designated point of contact?

2. Partners – Where are they based?

Locally (Germany)/ bordering regions/ EU countries/ non-EU countries/ developing countries/ global partners (from other continents). The project may involve bilateral, trilateral, or multilateral cooperation.

With whom specifically? Local governments/ regional authorities/ civil society organisations active in the fields of culture/ education/ environment/ social affairs/ sport

Key questions:

- Is there any designated point of contact for each partner?
- Are there already prior experiences in cooperation/ proven alliance partners/ individual persons?

- Are there any limiting factors (related to people, agreements, or risks, etc.)?
- Common language / Solving language comprehension issues – Are there volunteers available for translation and interpretation tasks, or is cooperation with schools planned, etc.?

3. What kind of activity is planned?

One-day events/ workshops/ exchange visits or meetings/ media campaigns/ exhibitions/ project, etc.

Key questions:

- Is there a specific occasion (e.g. an anniversary, European elections)?
- Reference to the thematic focus / annual themes (Democracy/ Europe/ Education/ Women/ Ecology/ Social Welfare Projects/ New Media, etc.)?

4. Duration

Short-term, medium-term, or long-term initiative

5. Location

One location, multiple locations / separate, rotating, in exchange

6. Objectives

- Communication, exchange, and encounters
- Overall, to foster better mutual understanding (people/ daily life/ culture) as a way to reduce prejudices and support the development of European awareness and identity.
- Promoting collaboration among specific groups (in culture/ education/ environment/ social issues/ sports).
- Identifying and discussing problem areas / challenges and developing joint solutions

Key questions:

- What is innovative about this?
- Which new target groups could it appeal to? Reach
- Are there resources (groups, materials, prior experience) that can be used or involved?

7. Target Groups

- Civil society organisations active in the fields of
culture/ education/ history/ environment/ social affairs/ sport/ new media
- Schools, universities, networks
- Youth, adults, women, seniors, families, migrants, persons with disabilities
- All citizens, especially those who are distant from education and politics, or tired of the EU
- Leaders of organizations, multipliers – both in professional and voluntary work.

Key questions (crucial for international collaboration): What does “civil society” mean to each partner?
Is active participation possible, or are there hierarchical limitations

8. Approaches: interactive, action-oriented, for the head, heart, and hands.

Learning format: Non-formal/informal learning/age-specific/intergenerational/intercultural.

More knowledge-oriented or action-oriented or language-focused – minimal language, shared activities, common results, competitions.

Provider-based or demand-driven methods.

9. Funding

Expected required expenses for staff, materials, and meetings: secured/planned/expected/must be raised.

Amount of own funds or own resources (premises, equipment, staff, volunteers)

Potential supporters/funders/support programs: municipality, regional government, business sector, foundations.

European programs (e.g. *Europe for Citizens*, *Erasmus+ KA2*, etc.)

Sponsors

Charity events and "hands-on" fundraising

10. Implementation

Clarification of coordination, administrative work, language, division of labor, communication channels, meetings, scheduling, key milestones, process monitoring, evaluation, expected results. Potential issues and problem-solving strategies (language barriers), challenges between paid staff and volunteers.

11. Ensuring results / Sustainability:

- Evaluation and documentation of results
- Public outreach and media communication
- Expected outcomes/transferability.

12. Public Relations

Consistent motto/striking slogan

Materials: flyers, posters, postcards, videos, brochures, roll-ups, giveaways (bookmarks, pens, keychains, etc.)

Digital: website, Facebook, Instagram, WhatsApp group, mailing lists, newsletters, radio

Analog: print media, printed newsletters

13. Communication Channels

Email/ Mailing list/ Doodle list/ WeTransfer/ Dropbox/ Online survey/ Blog

Single or multilingual websites with comprehensible content and graphical design options (map, location and subject markers, images, videos, search function, contact option).

Online conferences/webinars, online platforms (e.g., vima-danube.eu).

Signed: Carmen Stadelhofer, Ulm, April 26, 2025

